

# Lantaarntje

*Uit Zwitserland*

Musical notation for the first line of the song 'Lantaarntje'. The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The notes are: quarter note, eighth note, quarter note, eighth note, quarter note, half note. The lyrics are: La - tärn - li, La - tärn - li,

Musical notation for the second line of the song 'Lantaarntje'. The music continues in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The notes are: eighth note, eighth note, quarter note, quarter note, half note, eighth note. The lyrics are: Son - ne, Mond ond Stärn - li.

# *lene miene mutte*

*Aftelliedje*

Musical notation for the first line of the song. The key signature is common C. The time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: le - ne mie - ne mut - te,

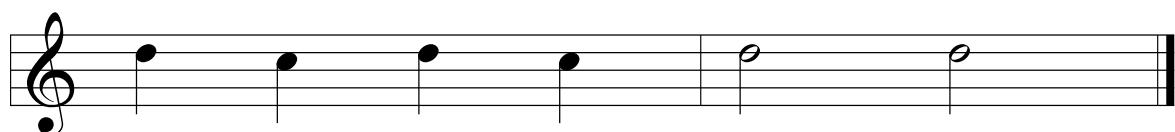
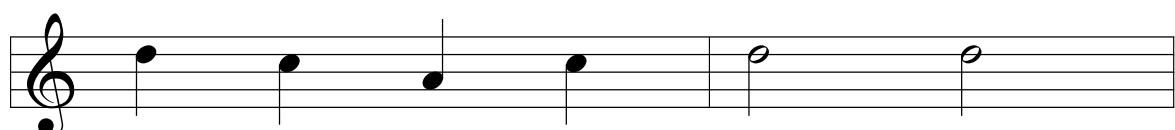
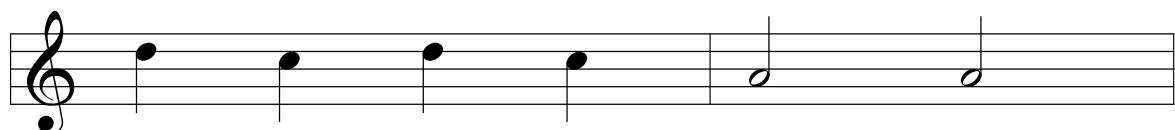
Musical notation for the second line of the song. The key signature is common C. The time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: tien pond grut - ten,

Musical notation for the third line of the song. The key signature is common C. The time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: tien pond kaas.

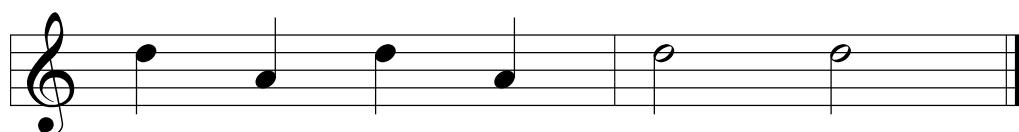
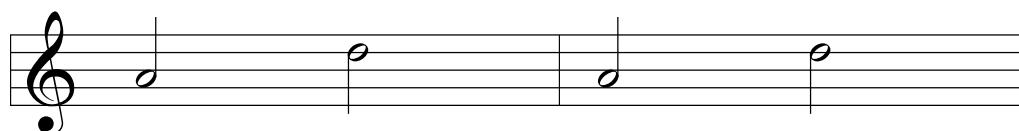
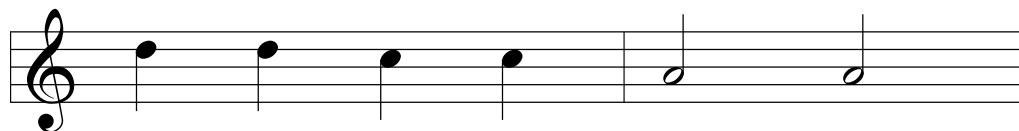
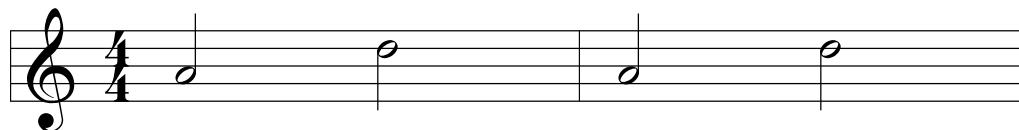
Musical notation for the fourth line of the song. The key signature is common C. The time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: le - ne mie - ne mut - te

Musical notation for the fifth line of the song. The key signature is common C. The time signature is 4/4. The melody consists of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: is de baas.

# *Op z'n Chinees*



# *Brandweer*



# Karga

Uit Turkije. "De kraai"

Musical notation for the first line of the song Karga. The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The notes are quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: Kar - ga, Kar - ga, Ga - ke - di,

Musical notation for the second line of the song Karga. The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The notes are quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: cik du - va - ra bak de - di!

Musical notation for the third line of the song Karga. The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The notes are quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: Kar - ga se - ni tu - ta - rim,

Musical notation for the fourth line of the song Karga. The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The notes are quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are: ka - na - di - ni yo - la - rim.

# *Var - Yok*

*Uit Turkije*

Ek - mek\_\_\_ bul - dum ka - tik yok,

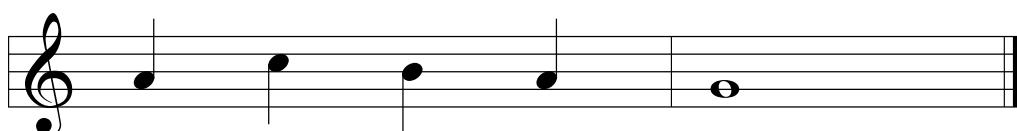
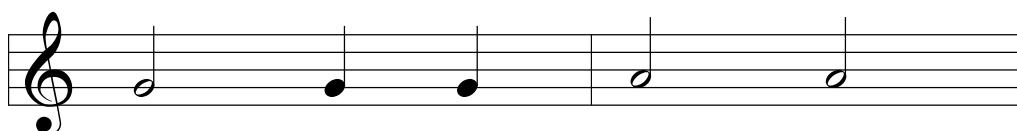
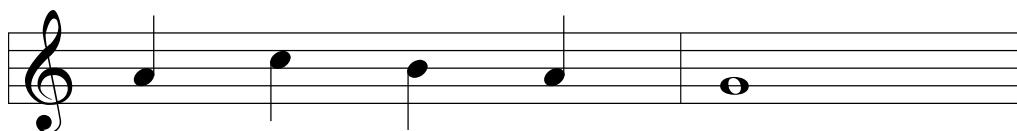
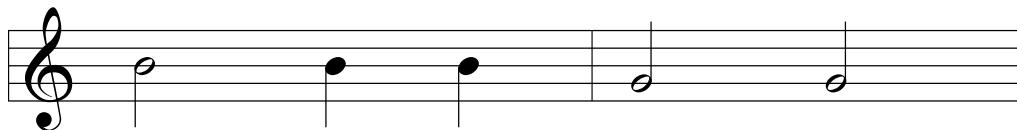
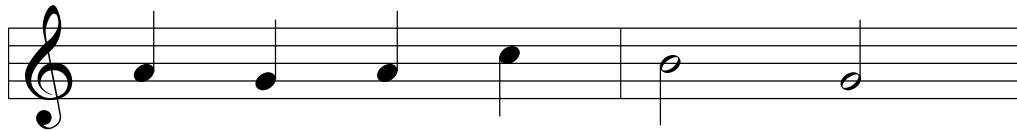
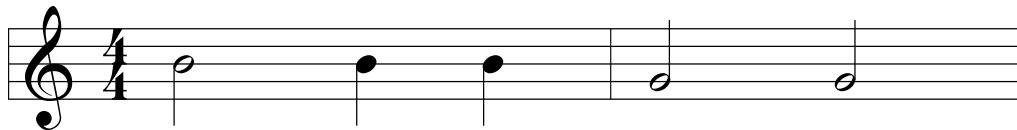
ka - tik\_\_\_ bul - dum ek - mek yok.

Vertaling:

Ik heb brood gevonden, maar ik heb geen beleg.

Ik heb beleg gevonden, maar ik heb geen brood.

# *Avondlied*



# Dorslied

Canon

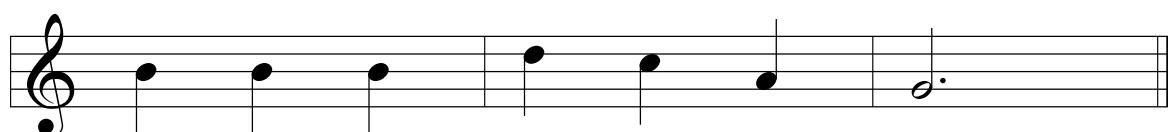
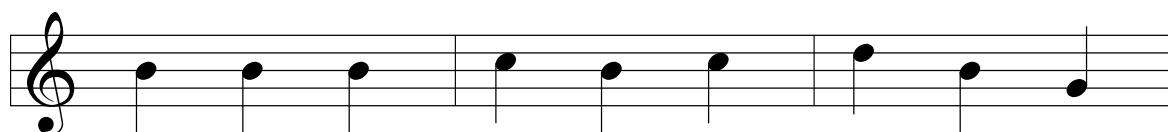
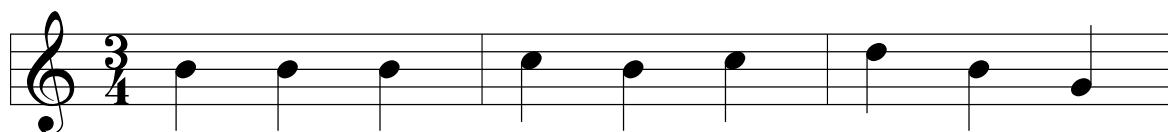
I.

Musical notation for the first part of the canon. The music is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and treble clef. The lyrics are: Hört ihr die Dre-scher, sie dre-schen im Takt: Hoor je de boe-ren, ze dor-sen het graan:

2.

Musical notation for the second part of the canon. The lyrics are: tick, tack, tack, tick, tack, tack, tick, tack, tack, tack. klip klap, klop, klip, klap, klop, klip, klap, klop, klop.

# *Vogeltje in de dennenboom*



# Voetbal

Uit Zwitserland. Vertaling: Annette Nicolai

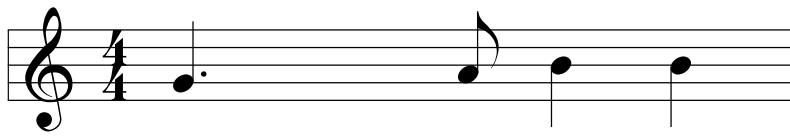
## Ritmische bouwstenen



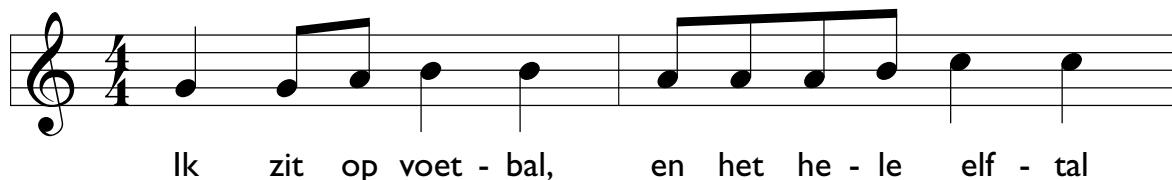
Met het he - le elf - tal,



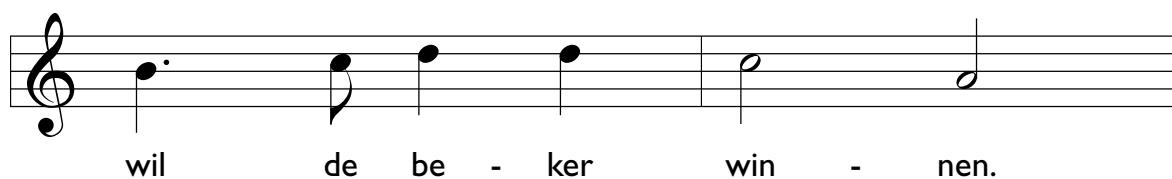
zit ik op voet - bal.



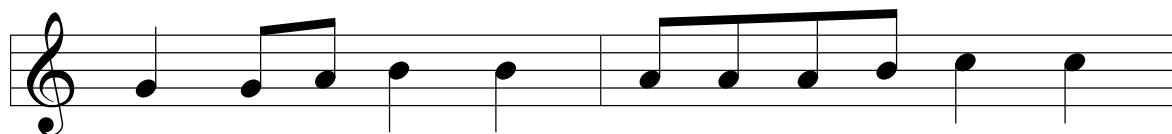
YES! de be - ker!



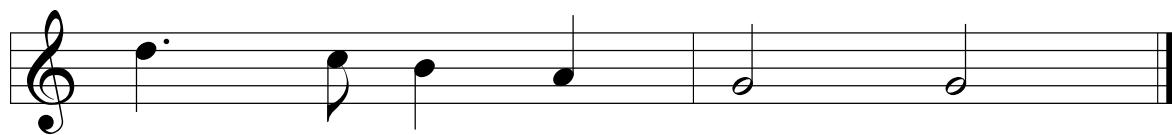
Ik zit op voet - bal, en het he - le elf - tal



wil de be - ker win - nen.



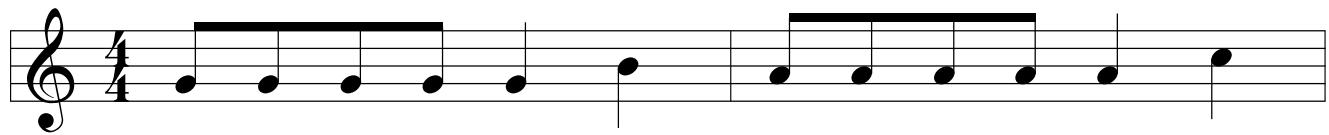
Doel - pun - ten sco - ren moet je't jui - chen ho - ren.



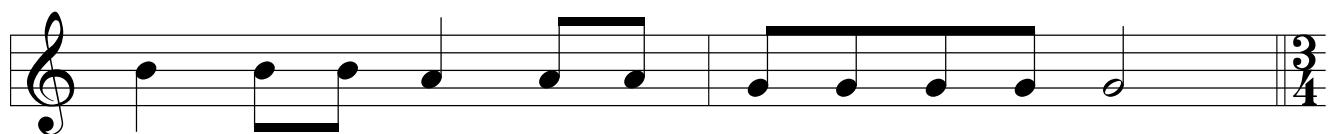
YES! de cup is bin - nen!

# Atta katta moeva

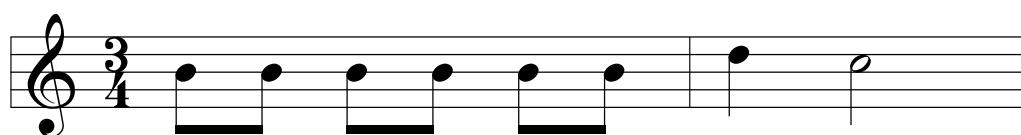
Eskimolied



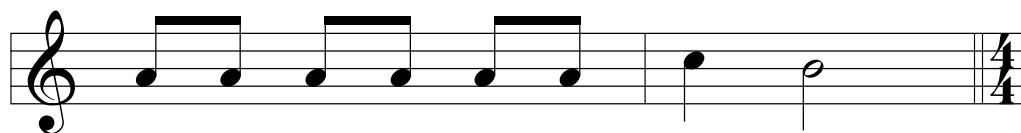
At - ta kat - ta moe - va, at - ta kat - ta moe - va,



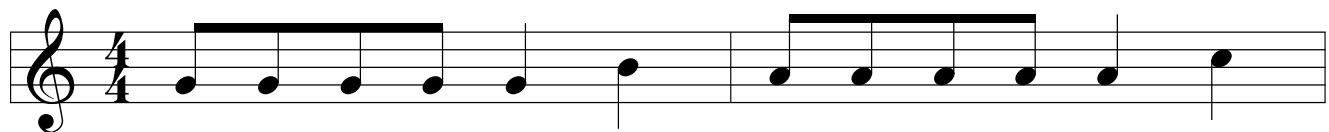
e - mi sa - dee mi - sa - doe - la mi - sa dee.



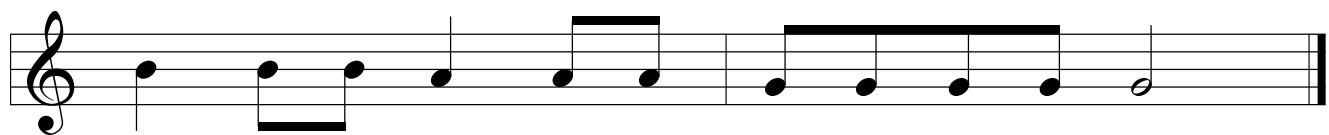
He - xa kor - la mi - sa for - tee,



he - xa kor - la mi - sa for - tee.



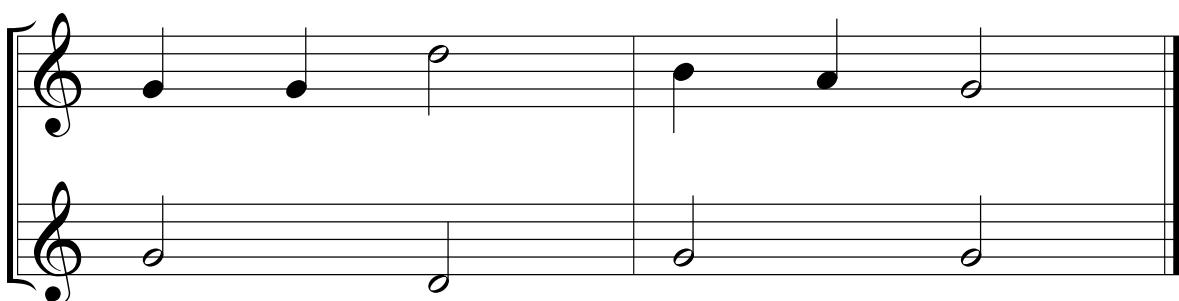
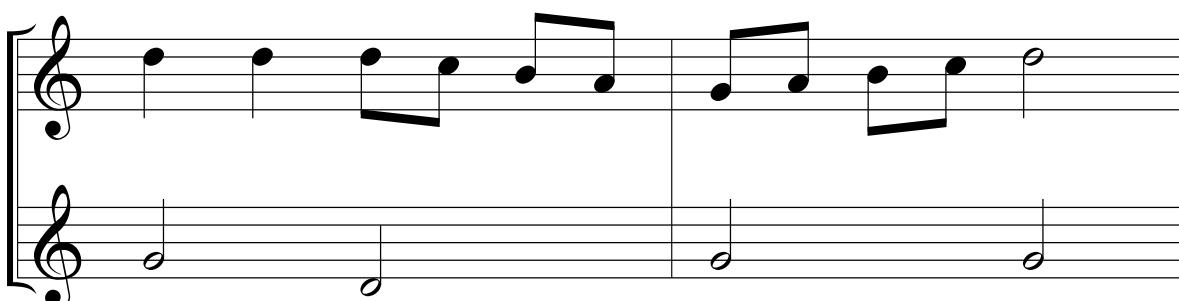
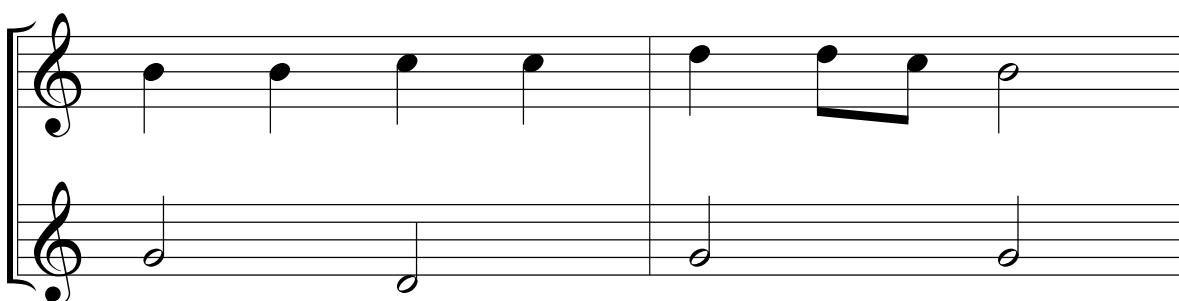
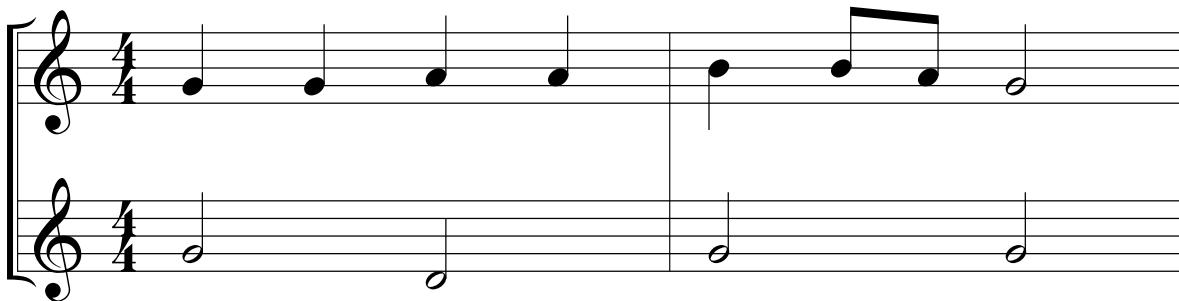
At - ta kat - ta moe - va, at - ta kat - ta moe - va,



e - mi sa - dee mi - sa - doe - la mi - sa dee.

# Davet

Uit Turkije. "Uitnodiging"



# Herfst canon

Vertaling: Annette Nicolai

1.

Herfst, wat raas je.

Wes - ten - wind, wat blaas je.

2.

Blaas je bla - d'ren in de goot,

blaas je al - le bo - men bloot,

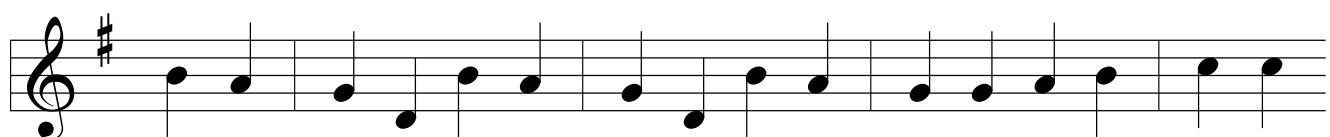
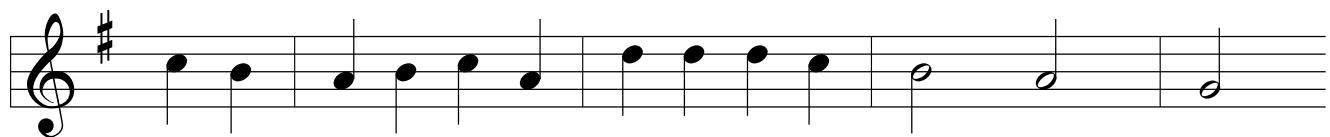
3.

blaas je heel de zo - mer weg,

da's nou pech!

# Rondedans

*Uit Brazilië*



# Arabine Koeterine

Aftelliedje

Musical notation for the first part of the song. The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and treble clef. The lyrics are:

A - ra bi - ne koe - te - ri - ne van je trif, troef, traf. Prr laat de been - tjes gaan.

Continuation of the musical notation for the first part. The lyrics continue from the previous line:

A - ra bi - ne koe - te - ri - ne van je trif, troef, traf. Prr laat de been - tjes gaan.

Musical notation for the second part of the song. The lyrics are:

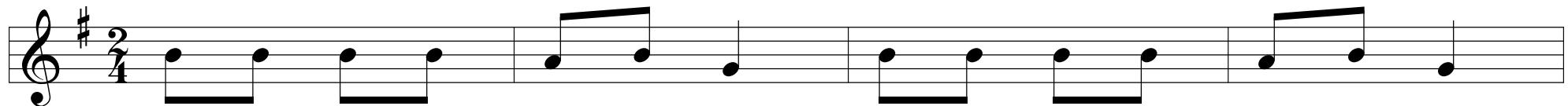
A - ra bi - ne koe - te - ri - ne van je trif, troef, traf. Ha, die is af.

Continuation of the musical notation for the second part. The lyrics continue from the previous line:

A - ra bi - ne koe - te - ri - ne van je trif, troef, traf. Ha, die is af.

# *Heissa, Tulipan*

*Uit Hongarije*



# *Dans uit Siebenbürgen*

A musical staff in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The first measure contains two quarter notes. The second measure contains a dotted half note followed by a quarter note. The third measure contains a quarter note followed by a dotted half note. The fourth measure contains a quarter note followed by a dotted half note.

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time and have a key signature of one sharp. Measure 11 begins with a dotted half note in the bass, followed by eighth notes in the treble. Measure 12 begins with a dotted half note in the bass, followed by eighth notes in the treble.

A musical score for piano right hand, page 2, featuring two measures of music. The key signature is one sharp (F#). Measure 11 starts with a half note followed by a quarter note. Measure 12 begins with a eighth-note triplet, followed by a dotted half note, a dotted quarter note, and a dotted eighth note. The music concludes with a sixteenth-note cluster and a final eighth-note cluster.

A musical staff in G major (one sharp) with a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth notes and sixteenth notes. It starts on the first ledger line below the staff, moves up to middle C, then down to the third ledger line below, and continues with a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes.

A musical staff in G major (one sharp) and common time. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, primarily on the A string (5th line) and D string (4th line). The notes are connected by vertical stems pointing downwards.

# Kalabeğe bak

Uit Turkije

Musical notation for the first line of the song. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (4/4). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: Ka - la - be - ğe bak, ka - la - be - ğe bak,

Musical notation for the second line of the song. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (4/4). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: ko - sa - lim, ko - sa - lim.

Musical notation for the third line of the song. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (4/4). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: Hay - di o - nu tu - ta - lim.

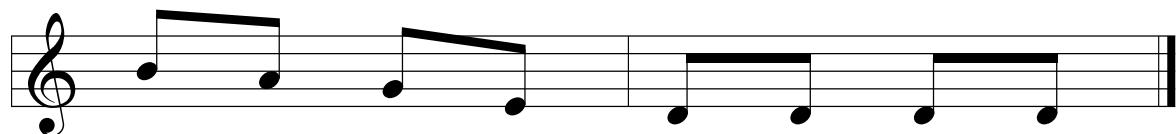
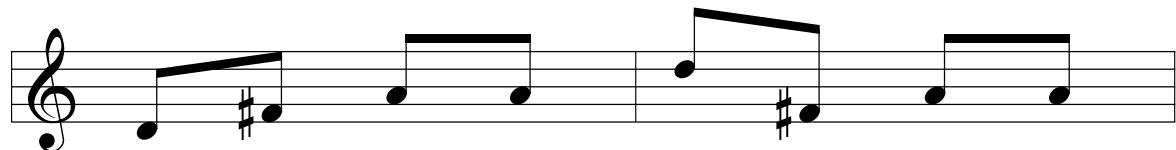
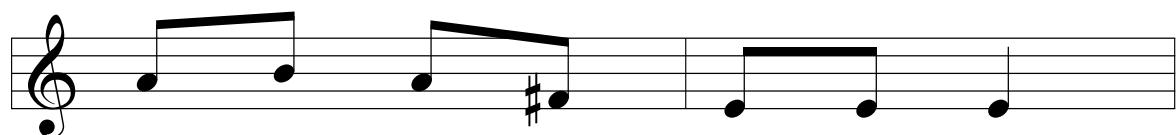
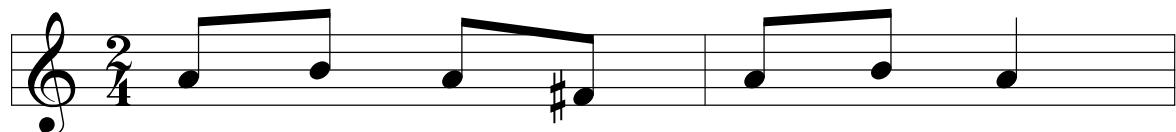
Musical notation for the fourth line of the song. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (4/4). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: Hay - di o - nu tu - ta - lim.

Vertaling:

Kijk een vlinder, kijk een vlinder, laten we er heen rennen en hem vangen.

# *Leti pcela malena*

*Uit Kroatië*



# Kikkerfeest

Canon. Vertaling: Annette Nicolai

Het is groot feest bij de kik - kers in't riet,  
't swingt en het springt. Je weet niet wat je ziet.  
Kwak, kwak, kwak, kwaak, kwak, kwak, kwak, kwaak!

# Miauw

Canon. Vertaling: Annette Nicolai

1.

Musical notation for the first part of the canon. The key signature is A major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (indicated by a '4'). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: Mi - auw, mi - auw, zeg, lief klein muis - je,